

# 171791 - Her husband divorced her by talaaq and she married another man during the 'iddah

# the question

I am a reverted sister living alone at the moment. I left my country to marry a man in another country. After a short time, my family started to make major problems for me, that could have caused bad problems for my husband or myself, so I left without his permission, and went back to my country. I was certain I could never go back to my husband, but I was in love with him, and missed him a lot. I decided to try to make things work for everyone. I started to talk again to my husband, and told him I wanted to return. He agreed. Problem after problem kept coming up though, and my return was always delayed for reasons beyond my control. During this time, my husband became impatient and divorced me twice. He stopped supporting me also after some time, and wouldn't allow me to find work in my country, so I was left at the mercy of whatever I could get from others to live on. My family was putting a lot of pressure on me, since they even didnt like to support me, as it isnt in our culture for the kids to stay home for long after finishing school. I was alone, and had no way to support myself. Even though I knew I was in love with my husband, I was forced to marry someone else, at least LEGALLY in my country, so I could be taken care of. I regret this action, since the man and I werent together, and we did not love each other. But I was afraid to fall into haraam, and fell into it anyways by doing this horrendous act. I am trying to fix it now, by legal divorce. However, I do not know what to do, in order for everyone to have their rights. My imaan has fallen away lately, and I am afraid of losing my Islam. I know in Islam there is severe punishment for such an act as what I did, and I need to know does that apply for my situation. I was very new to Islam when all this happened. I am also unsure if I should tell anyone what I actually did, since I was told we conceal our sins in Islam. Please help me, as I am losing my mind more every day.

#### **Detailed answer**

Praise be to Allah.

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#### Firstly:

We ask Allah to accept your repentance and set your affairs straight, and help you to maintain your religious commitment.

You made a mistake by moving away from your husband and exposing yourself to trials and tests, and your husband made a mistake by not allowing you to work whilst not sending you any maintenance to spare you from having to work.

# Secondly:

If your husband had divorced you twice, as you say, then your 'iddah ended before the second marriage, then you do not have to do anything and your second marriage is valid in that case.

The 'iddah of a woman who menstruates is three menstrual cycles. If he divorced you when you were in a state of purity (i.e., not menstruating) then you had three menstrual periods, when you became pure following the third period and did ghusl, your 'iddah came to an end.

The 'iddah of a woman who does not menstruate because she is too young or has passed menopause is three months.

The 'iddah of a woman who is pregnant ends when her pregnancy ends.

If the divorce was in return for payment from the woman, then this is khul', in which case the 'iddah is one menstrual cycle, according to the more correct opinion.

If the second marriage contract was not done until after your 'iddah ended, then it is a valid marriage and you do not have to do anything, but it is not permissible for you to go back to the first husband unless the second husband divorces you and the 'iddah following that divorce comes to an end. Then the first husband can do a marriage contract with you.

But if your second marriage was done during the 'iddah, then it is an invalid marriage and does not count, and you have committed a grave and serious evil by doing that.

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Ibn Qudaamah said: With regard to invalid marriages, such as marriage to a woman who is married or still in the 'iddah period, and the like, if they were aware of what is halaal and haraam in this regard then they have committed zina and are subject to the hadd punishment, and any child born as a result cannot be attributed to the man.

#### End quote from al-Mughni, 7/10

And he said: If he marries a woman who is still in the 'iddah period and they both knew about the 'iddah and that marriage is forbidden during that period, and he had intercourse with her, then they have committed zina and are subject to the hadd punishment for zina, she is not entitled to any mahr, and any child born as a result cannot be attributed to the man.

If they were both unaware of the 'iddah and the prohibition (on marriage at that time), then any child born as a result is to be attributed to the man and no hadd punishment is to be carried out, and she is entitled to the mahr.

If he was aware of that but she was not, then he is subject to the hadd punishment and must pay the mahr, and any child born as a result is not to be attributed to him.

If she was aware of that but he was not, then she is subject to the hadd punishment and is not entitled to any mahr (dowry), and any child born as a result is to be attributed to the man.

That is the case because this is a marriage concerning which there is consensus that it is invalid; it is akin to incest.

## End quote from al-Mughni, 8/103

In that case the second marriage is annulled because it is invalid, and you have to complete the 'iddah from the first marriage, then observe 'iddah from the second marriage. Then can you go back to your first husband or not?

- If he had taken you back during the 'iddah - even if that was without your knowledge - or he took you back during the completion of the 'iddah for his divorce, then you are still his wife.



- If the 'iddah ended without him taking you back, then he is a stranger (non-mahram) to you and you cannot go back to him except with a new marriage contract. In that case you have the choice between marrying him or the second one or someone else.

The point is that marrying another man during the 'iddah is invalid, whether the first one took you back during the 'iddah or not, and whether you will go back to him with a new marriage contract or not.

And Allah knows best.